The Columbian Mirror and Alexandria Gazette.

ALEXANDRIA——PRINTED, EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY, BY ELLIS PRICE, AT THE EAST END OF THE MARKET-HOUS.

No. 452.] SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1796. [Vol. IV

Lots for Sale.

I WILL sell for cash or back lands, military in preference, several valuable Lots near Messrs. Thomas Patten and Co's. new buildings on King street; and the fee simple of two Lots now occupied by Mr. George Rutter and John Boyer, which pay sixteen pounds per annum. Mr. Thomas Irvin will shew the ground, and the terms may be known by applying to me in Prince William County.

VAL. PEERS.

N. B. Mr. Dobbin will forward any application to me.

Ellen Vale, Feb. 15. 1m.

Spring Barley.

THOSE who are disposed to sow Spring Barley, may by early application be supplied with some extraordinary fine seed, the product of last year, from the English early rath ripe, imported in January, 1795.

JOHN MANDEVILLE.

Feb. 24.

To be Sold,

On board the Schooner Diligent, now lying at Col. Hooe's wharf,

100 hogsheads of Stone Lime of a superior quality. For terms of sale enquire of the master on board. Feb. 25.

To Rent,

THE Store I now occupy, situated on the north west corner of Fairfax and Prince streets, or I would sell my lease for two years from the first of March next. For terms, in my absence, apply to Mr. John Gill.

A. DOBBIN.

Feb. 25.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or stolen from the common of Alexandria a sorrel MARE with a flaxen mane and tail, about 15 hands high, large and strong made—also a black HORSE, about 14½ hands high, long mane and tail. It is supposed (if not stolen) they may have followed some waggon going up the country, especially as the Mare had been accustomed to a waggon, previously to my purchasing her.—They were both shod all round.

The above reward will be paid to the person delivering them to me in this town—or one half the sum for either.

Wm. HODGSON.

February 23, 1706.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 9th inst. a negro man named HENRY, about five feet 10 inches high, about 26 years old, he is stout and well made, a carpenter by trade, he carried with him a quantity of good clothes, among which were two Drab great coats, with plain plated buttons, one of the said Coats was let out in the sleeves, which made a difference in the colour of the cloth; he also carried with him a pair of boots. The above reward will be given to any person, who will secure him in prison, so as I get him again.

GEO. FRENCH.

Fredericksburg, Feb. 17. 1796.

To be Sold

To the highest bidder, by the Subscriber on the premises on Thursday next if fair, if not, the next fair day,

A LEASE for six years of 100 acres of Land, about 15 of which is well taken with Timothy, situated between the Red House and Moore's Tavern and adjoining Matthew Whiting Esqr's plantation; on which there is a good dwelling-house, kitchen, meet-house and stablage for ten horses, a grist mill, Miller's house, still house and malt house, all in good order and one of the the best situations in the county of prince William for a store as well as the business of milling and distilling.—Also a waggon and team of four horses, a handsome coachee and harness, a pair of well broke horses, three stills and a sufficient number of casks, milch cows and a number of other articles; all of which will be sold for cash, except the plantation; and six mouths credit will be given for one half the amount.

JAMES M'CLANIHAN.

N. B. Also one other waggon and four horses, on twelve months credit. Further particulars made known on the day of sale.

William Stables

UPHOLSTERER,

INFORMS his friends and the public in general that he has begun business at John Bogue's, joiner and cabinet-maker, in Princess-Street, near Mr. Hepburn's Wharf. Venetian and Parlour Blinds, on a new construction, made and neatly filled up; Paper Hanging done in all its branches, &c. Orders thankfully received and strictly attended to. He returns his sincere thanks to those who have already conferred on him their favors.

Alexandria, Feb. 10.

Ricketts and Newton

Have for Sale at their Warehouse, the corner of Fairfax and Prince-street,

A quantity of 9 by 11 and 10 by 12 window Glass of 100 feet

Sugar in hhds. and barrels
Coffee in barrels and bags
Madeira and Lisbon Wines in pipes and qr. casks
Loaf and Lump Sugars
Liverpool and St. Ubes Salt
Copperas, brimstone, madder and indigo
Fig blue in casks
Bohea and Hyson Teas
Cotton cards by the box
20d. nails
Cotton in bales
Irish linen in boxes and half boxes
8 hhds. Irish porter
And one cask of pewter ware

All of which will be sold low for cash, or at their usual credit.

February 18th.

THE CELEBRATED HORSE

BOXER,

NOW in high perfection; a fine bay well marked, upwards of fifteen hands high, remarkable for his strength and great beauty; stands at my stable in Hanover county, ten miles above the courthouse, on the road leading from Fredericksburg to Richmond; and will cover mares at the moderate price of THREE GUINEAS the season, and FIVE DOLLARS the leap; but the three guineas may be discharged by the payment of three pounds, if payed within the season, which will commence on the first day of March next, and expire on the tenth day of August ensuing.—Good and extensive pasturage, well inclosed, gratis, and great attention will be paid to the mares; but I will not be answerable for accidents.

BOXER was got by the imported horse Medley, his dam by Col. Baylor's Old Fearnaught, and his grand dam by Old Jolly-Roger, out of a full bred imported mare.

The dam of Boxer was also dam to the noted running horses Tantrum and the black horse owned by Col. Larkin Smith.

Boxer's fame as a foal-getter is so well known, nothing need be said on that head.

EDMUND TAYLOR.

Hanover, February 1.

N. B. Gentlemen may have their mares fed, and servants boarded on very reasonable terms. E. T.

Notice.

AS I shall embark shortly for England, and consequently be from home several months, I am particularly anxious to have all my transactions ascertained:

All persons having claims on me will in course apply—and I trust all those indebted to me will do the same.

From this period, until my return, my business will be conducted by Mr. GEORGE CLEMENTSON, who I have fully authorised to act for me in every respect.

WILLIAM HODGSON.

Alexandria, Feb. 1, 1796.

100 Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, in the month of September last, a Negro man named BURR, about 5 feet 7 inches high, strong and well made, of a black complexion, and very large eyes. It is likely he has changed his dress and has a forged pass, as he is a cunning artful fellow. Whoever apprehends said Negro, and secures him so that his owner may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges if brought home.

SPENCER GRAYSON, jun.

Colchester. Feb. 15, 1796.

Notice.

ALL Millers sending Flour to this market, are requested to be more particular in the size and quality of their barrels than heretofore.—As some are yet at a loss to know the size required, I here set it down, to wit, 27 inches in length, and 17 inches diameter in the head; they are likewise requested to be uniform in their brands; in addiiton to the distinguishable brand of their mill, No. 2, 196 with superfine in full on all they judge of that quality. Those who do not comply with the above directions must expect to pay the penalties prescribed by law.

D. DOUGLASS, Flour Inspector.

☞ The Printers of the Winchester and Martinsburg papers will confer a favour on some of their subscribers by a republication of the above.

Alexandria, Feb. 14, 1796. 3m

An assortment of Garden Seeds

for sale. A. DOBBIN.

Bank of Alexandria,

JANUARY 22, 1796.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscription Book is kept open at the Bank for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the augmented stock, and will continue open until the whole number of shares are filled up.

By order of the board,

GURDEN CHAPIN, Cash'r.

N. B. Any Bank paper from Philadelphia to Alexandria, will be taken for the money to be paid at the time subscribing.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Thursday the 21st January next, a subscription will be opened at the Court-house in this town, under the direction of the President and Directors of the Bank, for an augmentation of Seventeen Hundred and Fifty shares to the capital of the Bank of Alexandria, agreeably to an act of Assembly, and continue open for 30 days, or until the whole are subscribed—each share is two hundred dollars and payable in the following manner, viz.

Ten dollars for each share at the time of subscribing—Forty dollars more in 60 days—Twenty-five dollars more in 90 days—Fifty dollars more in 105 days—and Seventy-five dollars more in 165 days from the time of opening the subscription.

By order of the President and Directors,

GURDEN CHAPIN, *Cashier.*

Alex. Dec. 11, '95.

THE subscribers have imported in the brig Nancy from New-Castle, a general assortment of

Earthen Ware;

Together with a small assortment of elegant

Cut and plain Flint Glass, which they mean to dispose of for Cash, on reasonable terms, by wholesale or retail, at their house in Pitt-street, opposite Capt. Jesse Taylor's.

☞ Painting, Gilding, &c. as usual, in all its various branches, and as they have imported paints of the first quality, those who employ them may rely on having their work done in the best manner.

MACLEOD and LUMSDON.

Feb. 4. ep3w.

FREESTONE,

Warranted equal if not superior in quality and colour to any on the continent.

WE have commenced the Stone-cutting business at JOHN DUNBAR's *Quarry* on Aquia Run, Stafford county, Virginia, which we mean to carry on in its various branches in the neatest manner—those gentlemen engaged in building at any seaport in the United States may be supplied (with at least) the ornamental parts of their houses at a moderate expence, as by preparing the stone at the quarry, there will be a great saving in waste and carriage. Those who think proper to apply to us may be furnished with any article in our line for building, as well as tomb and head-stones, chimney pieces, steps, platforms, &c. &. and know our terms by calling on ——— *Charleston, (S. C.)* Mr. Alexander M'Robert, *Richmond;* Messrs. John Proudfett & Co. Merchants, *Norfolk;* Col. George Gilpin, or Col. Dennis Ramsey, *Alexandria;* Mr. John Debloise, Merchant, *City of Washington;* Mr. William Robb, Merchant, *Baltimore;* Messrs. J. Warder, Parker & Co. Merch'ts, *Philadelphia;* ———, *New-York;* to whom specimens of the stone will be sent the first opportunity, and orders left with either of the above gentlemen, or forwarded to the subscribers shall be punctually attended to by

JOHN HENRY & CO.

Aquia, near Dumfries, 1st Feb. 1796.

N. B. We will give generous wages to a few good stone cutters.

J. H. & Co.

I will furnish Freestone by the

ton, quarried agreeable to the dementions ordered, and deliver it along side a vessel in Aquia creek, (Potowmac river,) where any may load with safety that does not draw above ten or twelve feet water, for terms (which will be made convenient to undertakers and others) apply as above or to

JOHN DUNBAR.

Aquia, near Dumfries, 1st Feb. 1796.

☞ NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of *Richard Lee*, late of Lee-Hall, in Westmoreland County are requested to bring them in, that they may be adjusted; and all persons who are indebted to said estate are desired to make payment to me.

RICHARD BLAND LEE,
Administrator.

Loudoun County, October 6, 1795.

The Columbian Mirror
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

FROM CHARLESTON, FEB. 1.

We have been favoured with a copy of the Treaty between the United States and Great Britain, as ratified by the President and the British King. From it we have extracted the forms of Ratification by the parties, together with the additional article required by the President and acceded to by the British King.

His Majesty's Ratification.

GEORGE, R.

George the third, by the grace of God king of Great Britain, France and Ireland, defender of the faith, duke of Brunswick and Lunenburgh, arch treasurer and prince elector of the holy Roman empire, &c. To all and singular to whom these presents shall come greeting: Whereas our right trusty and well beloved counsellor, William Wynham, baron Grenville, of Wotton, our principal secretary of state for foreign affairs, &c. did, on our part, together with our good friends the United Statesof America, conclude and sign at London, on the 19th day of Nov. one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, a treaty of amity, commerce and navigation, between us and our said good friends: And whereas a certain additional article has, on the part of the said United States, been proposed to be annexed to the said treaty as a part thereof; to which addition we are willing to consent; the said treaty and additional article being in the words following:

[*Here follows the Treaty.*]

ADDITIONAL ARTICLE.

It is further agreed between the said contracting parties, that the operation of so much of the twelfth article of the said treaty as respects the trade which his majesty thereby consents may be carried on between the United States and his islands in the West-Indies, in the manner and on the terms and conditions therein specified, shall be suspended.

We therefore, by virtue of these presents, do approve and ratify the said treaty, together with the said additional article, as the same are respectively set forth in this instrument; promising and engaging our royal word, that we will faithfully and religiously perform and observe all and singular the things agreed upon in this treaty, and that we will not suffer the same to be violated by any one, as far as lies in our power. For the greater testimony and validity whereof, we have caused our great seal to be affixed to these presents, which we have signed with our royal hand.

Given at our court of St. James's, the twenty-eighth day of October, one thousand seven Hundred and ninety-five in the thirty-sixth year of our reign. G. R.

Ratification of the United States.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, President of the United States of America,

To all and singular to whom these presents shall come greeting.

Whereas a certain treaty of amity, commerce and navigation, between the United States of America and his Britannic majesty, was concluded and signed between their plenipotentiary the honorable John Jay, chief justice of the United States, and their envoy extraordinary to his said majesty, and the plenipotentiary of his Britannic majesty, the right honorable William Windham, baron Grenville of Watton, one of his Majesty's privy council, and his Majesty's secretary of state for foreign affairs, at London, on the nineteenth day of November, in the year of our lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four: which treaty is word for word as follows; to wit:

[*Here follows the Treaty.*]

And whereas the senate of the United States did, by their resolution on the twenty-fourth day of June, in the year of our lord 1795, (all the senators of the United States being then present, and two thirds thereof concurring) "consent and advise the President of the United States to ratify the treaty of amity, commerce and navigation between his Britannic majesty and the United States of America, concluded at London the nineteenth day of November, 1794, on condition that there be added in the said treaty an article whereby it shall be agreed to suspend the operation of so much of the twelfth article as respects the trade which his majesty thereby consents may be carried on between the United States and his islands in the West-Indies, in the manner, and on the terms and condition therein specified."

And whereas it will satisfy, and be conformable with the said advice and consent of the senate, if there be added to the said treaty, an article in the following words, that is to say

[*Here follows the additional article.*]

Now, therefore, I George Washington, President of the United States of America, having seen and considered the treaty and additional article aforesaid, do, in pursuance of the aforesaid advice and consent of the senate of the United States of America by these presents, ratify and accept and confirm the said treaty and the said additional article, as the same are herein before set forth.

And I do moreover hereby declare, that the said treaty and the said additional article form together one instrument, and are a treaty between the United States of America and his Britannic Majesty, made by the consent of the President of the United States by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof.

For the greater testimony and validity of all which, I have caused the Great Seal of the
SEAL. United States of America to be affixed to these presents, and have signed the same with my hand.

Given at the city of Philadelphia, the fourteenth day of August, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, and of the independence of the United States of America the twentieth.

(Signed) GEO. WASHINGTON.

By the President of the United States of America.

(Signed) EDM. RANDOLPH,
Secretary of State for the United States of America.

His Majesty's Full Power.

GEORGE R.

GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God, king of Great Britain, France and Ireland, defender of the faith, Duke of Brunswick and Lunenburgh, arch treasurer and prince elector of the holy Roman Empire, &c. To all whom these presents shall come greeting—Whereas, for the perfecting, confirming and rendering perpetual, the peace, friendship and good understanding between us and our good friends the United States of America, for adjusting and terminating all subsisting differences and disputes, from whatever cause the same may have arisen between us and the said United States, or between our subjects, and the people or inhabitants of the said states; for removing the grounds of future dissentions and for promoting and extending the mutual intercourse of trade and commerce, between our dominions and the territories of the said United States, we have thought proper to invest some fit person, with full powers on our part to confer, treat and conclude with John Jay, esquire, the envoy extraordinary of the said United States to our court, now residing at our said court, and duly authorised in that behalf, on the part of the said United States. Now know ye, that we, repoling especial trust and confidence in the wisdom, loyalty, diligence and circumspection of our right trusty and well beloved counsellor William Windham, Baron Grenville, of Wotton, and our principal secretary of state for foreign affairs, have nominated, constituted and appointed, and by these presents do nominate, constitute and appoint him our true, certain and undoubted commissioner, procurator and plenipotentiary: Giving and granting to him all and all manner of faculty, power and authority, together with general as well as special order (so as the general do not derogate from the special, nor on the contrary) for us and in our name to meet, confer, treat and conclude with the said minister, furnished with sufficient powers on the part of our said good friends the United States of America, of and concerning all such matters and things as may be requisite and necessary for accomplishing and compleating the several ends and purposes herein before mentioned, and also for us and in our name to sign such treaty or treaties, convention or conventions, or other instruments whatever, as may be agreed upon in the premises, and mutually to deliver and receive the same in exchange; and to do and perform all such other acts, matters and things as may be any ways proper and conducive to the purposes above mentioned, in as full and ample form and manner, and with the like validity and effect as we ourself, if we were present, could do and perform the same; engaging and promising on our royal word, that we will accept ratify and confirm, in the most effectual manner, all such acts, matters and things as shall be so transacted and concluded by our aforesaid commissioner, procurator and plenipotentiary, and that we will never suffer any person to violate the same, in the whole or in part, or to act contrary thereto.

In testimony and confirmation of all which, we have caused our great seal of Great Britain to be affixed to these presents, signed with our royal hand.

Given at our palace at St. James's the seventeenth day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, and in the thirty-fifth year of our reign. G. R.

Full Power of the United States.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, President of the United States of America,

To all and singular to whom these presents shall come, greeting.

KNOW ye that, for the purpose of confirming between the United States of America and his Britannic majesty perfect harmony and good correspondence, and of removing all grounds of dissatisfaction, and from a special trust and confidence in the integrity, prudence and abilities of John Jay, chief justice of the United States, I have nominated, and, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, appointed the said John Jay envoy extraordinary of the United States, to his Britannic majestey, hereby giving and granting to him full and all manner of power and authority, as also a general and special command at the court of his said majesty, for and in the name of the United States, to meet and confer with the ministers, commissioners or deputies of his majesty, being furnished with the sufficient authority, whether singly and separately, or collectively and jointly, and with them to agree, treat, consult and negotiate of and concerning all matters and causes of difference subsisting between the United States and his said majesty, whether the same respect the inexecution or infraction of the armistice declaring a cessation of hostilities between the United States of America and his Britannic Majesty, at Versailles, on the 20th day of January, 1783, or the definitive treaty of peace made between the United States and his said majesty, on the 3d day of September, 1783, or the instructions of his said majesty to his ships of war and privateers of whatsoever date, but especially on the 8th of June, 1793, and on the 8th of January, 1794; or restitution or compensation in the cases of capture or seizure made of the property of the citizens of the United States: and also of and concerning the general commerce between the United States and the kingdoms and dominions of his Britannic Majesty, wheresoever they may be; and so conclude and sign a treaty or treaties, convention or conventions, touching the premises; transmitting the same to the President of the United States of America for his final ratification, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States.

In testimony whereof I have caused the seal of
(L. S.) the United States to be hereunto affixed. Given under my hand, in the city of Philadelphia, the 6th day of May, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, and of the independence of the United States of America the eighteenth.

(Signed) GEO. WASHINGTON, President of the United States of America.

(Signed) EDM. RANDOLPH,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

FOURTH CONGRESS
OF THE
UNITED STATES.

At the first Session, begun and held at the city of Philadelphia, in the state of Pennsylvania, on Monday, the 27th of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five.

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the support of government for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six.

SEC. 1. BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled*, That for defraying the expenditure of the civil list of the United States for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, together with the incidental and contingent expences of the several departments and officers thereof, there be appropriated a sum of money, not exceeding five hundred and thirty thousand three hundred and ninety-two dollars, and eighty-five cents; that is to say:

For the compensations granted by law to the President and Vice President of the United States, thirty thousand dollars.

For the like compensations to the members of the Senate and House of Representatives, their officers and attendants, estimated for a session of six months continuance; one hundred and ninety-three thousand, four hundred and sixty dollars.

For the expence of firewood, stationary, printing-work, and all other contingent expences of the two houses of Congress, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

For the compensations granted by law to the Chief Justice, associate Judges, District Judges, and Attorney General, forty-three thousand six hundred dollars.

For defraying the expence of Clerks of Courts, Jurors and Witnesses, in aid of the fund arising from fines, forfeitures and penalties; and likewise for defraying the expences of prosecutions for offences against the United States, and for safe keeping of prisoners, twenty thousand dollars.

For making good deficiencies in the last mentioned fund, in the appropriation of the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, ten thousand dollars.

For compensation to the Secretary of State, Clerks and persons employed in the department, seven thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

For incidental and contingent expences in the said department, twenty-three thousand, three hundred and eighty dollars.

For the compensation of the Secretary of the Treasury, clerks and persons employed in his office, eight thousand, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For expence of stationary, printing, and all other contingent expences in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the Comptroller of the Treasury, clerks and persons employed in his office, ten thousand, nine hundred dollars.

For expence of stationary, printing, and other contingent expences in comptroller's office, eight hundred dollars.

For compensation to the Treasurer, clerks and persons employed in his office, four thousand, four hundred dollars.

For expence of firewood, stationary, printing, rent, and other contingencies in the Treasurer's office, six hundred dollars.

For compensation to the Auditor of the Treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, eleven thousand, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For expence of stationary, printing, and other contingent expences in the Auditor's office, six hundred dollars.

For compensation to the commissioner of the revenue, clerks, and persons employed in his office, five thousand, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For expence of stationary, printing and all other contingent expences in the office of the commissioner, four hundred dollars.

For compensation to the register of the Treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, fourteen thousand, seven hundred dollars.

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for the public flocks) two thouſand eight hundred dollars.

For compenſation to the Purveyor of public ſupplies, including his ſalary from the time of his appointment to the thirty-firſt day of December, one thouſand, ſeven hundred and ninety-five, three thouſand, ſix hundred and ninety-four dollars and forty-four cents.

For the payment of rent for the ſeveral houſes employed in the Treaſury Department, (except the Treaſurer's office) one thouſand, nine hundred and eighty-ſix dollars, and ſixty-eight cents.

For expence of firewood and candles in the ſeveral offices of the Treaſury Department, (except the Treaſurer's office) three thouſand dollars.

For defraying the expence incident to the ſtating and printing the public accounts, for the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-ſix, one thouſand dollars.

For the payment of certain incidental and contingent expences of the Treaſury Department in the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-five, beyond the ſum which was appropriated, two thouſand five hundred dollars.

For compenſation to the ſeveral loan officers, thirteen thouſand, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For payment of clerks, allowed to ſeveral of the loan offices, for the year one thouſand, ſeven hundred and ninety-five, by an act of the laſt ſeſſion of Congreſs, ten thouſand one hundred dollars.

For compenſation to the Secretary of war, clerks and perſons employed in his office, ſeven thouſand and fifty dollars.

For expence of firewood, ſtationary, printing, rent, and other contingent expences of the office of the Secretary of war, (including the rent of the General Poſt Office, which is kept under the ſame roof) one thouſand eight hundred dollars.

For compenſation to the accountant to the War Department, clerks, and perſons employed in his office, ſix thouſand, four hundred fifty dollars.

For contingent expences in the office of the accountant to the war department, ſix hundred dollars.

For compenſation to the following officers of the mint: The Director, two thouſand dollars; the treaſurer, one thouſand two hundred dollars; the Aſſayer, one thouſand five hundred dollars; the Chief Coiner, one thouſand five hundred dollars; the Melter and Refiner, one thouſand five hundred dollars; the Engraver, one thouſand two hundred dollars; three Clerks, at five hundred dollars each, one thouſand five hundred dollars.

For the purchaſe of copper for the uſe of the Mint, thirteen thouſand dollars.

For defraying the expences of laborers in the different branches of refining, melting and coining, at the Mint, eight thouſand dollars.

For the pay of mechanics employed in repairing and making machinery for the mint, three thouſand two hundred and ſixty-four dollars.

For the purchaſe of ironmongery, lead, wood, coals, ſtationary, office furniture, and for other contingencies of the eſtabliſhment of the mint, eight thouſand ſeven hundred dollars.

For making good deficiencies in the former appropriations for the mint: to the end of the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-five, eighteen thouſand, three hundred dollars.

For compenſation to the Governors, Secretaries and Judges of the territory northweſt, and the territory ſouth of the river Ohio, ten thouſand three hundred dollars.

For expences of ſtationary, office-rent, printing, patents of lands, and other contingent expences in both the ſaid territories, ſeven hundred dollars.

For the payment of ſundry penſions, granted by the late government, two thouſand and ſeven dollars, and ſeventy-three cents.

For the annual allowance to the widow and orphan children of Colonel John Harding, and to the orphan children of Major Alexander Trueman, by the act of Congreſs of the twenty-ſeventh of February, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-three, ſeven hundred and fifty dollars.

For the annual allowance for the education of Hugh Mercer, ſon of the late Major General Mercer, by the act of Congreſs of the ſecond of March, one thouſand ſend ſeven hundred and ninety three, four hundred dollars.

For the diſcharge of ſuch demands againſt the United States, on account of the Civil Department, not otherwiſe provided for, as ſhall have been aſcertained and admitted in due courſe of ſettlement at the Treaſury, and which are of a nature, according to the uſage thereof, to require payment in ſpecie, three thouſand dollars,

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That for the ſupport of light houſes, beacons, buoys, and public piers, for the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety ſix; and to ſatisfy a certain miſcellaneous claims, ſtated in the report of the Secretary of the Treaſury, of the 14th December laſt, there be appropriated a ſum not exceeding thirty ſeven thouſand ſix hundred and ſeventy two dollars, and nine cents; that is to ſay;

For the maintenance and ſupport of light houſes, beacons, buoys, public piers, and ſtakeage of channels, bars and ſhoals, twenty four thouſand dollars.

To repay David Lenox, late Marſhall of the diſtrict of Pennſylvania, for payments made with the approbation of the judge of the ſaid diſtrict, to ſundry perſons, for ſummoning jurors to attend the diſtrict court of Pennſylvania, upon the trial of ſundry perſons committed for high treaſon, two hundied and fifty ſix dollars and eighty eight cents.

For the payment of a balance due to Lewis Pintart, agent for American priſoners in the city of New-York, during the late war, four hundred and twenty one dollars, and twenty one cents.

For the payment of a balance due the repreſentatives of Thomas Smith, late commiſſioner of the loan office for the ſtate of Pennſylvania, nine thouſand and eleven dollars and ninety ſeven cents.

For the payment of a balance due to the repreſentatives of Joſeph Clarke, late commiſſioner of the loan office for the ſtate of Rhode-Iſland, one thouſand nine hundred and ſeventy four dollars and three cents.

For the diſcharge of ſuch miſcellaneous demands againſt the United States, other than thoſe on account of the Civil Department, not otherwiſe provided for, and which ſhall have been aſcertained and admitted in due courſe of ſettlement at the treaſury, and which are of a nature, according to the uſage thereof, to require payment in ſpecie, two thouſand dollars.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the ſeveral appropriations herein before made, ſhall be paid and diſcharged out of the fund of ſix hundred thouſand dollars reſerved by the act "making proviſion for the debt of the United States."

JONATHAN DAYTON, *Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.*

JOHN ADAMS, *Vice Preſident of the United States, and Preſident of the Senate.*

Approved—February the fifth, 1796.

GEO. WASHINGTON, *Preſident of the United States.*

Depoſited among the Rolls, in the office of the department of State.

TIMOTHY PICKERING, *Secretary of State.*

For Freight or Charter,

To any Port in the Weſt-Indies or the United States,

THE SCHOONER

DILIGENT,

Capt. SPOONER,

Burthen 700 Barrels. For ſale on board ſaid veſſel, 100 Hhds. of Lime—Apply to the maſter on board or to R. T. HOOE & Co.

Feb. 27.

WHISKEY

For Sale, by

MANDEVILLE & JAMESSON

Feb. 27

THE Commiſſioners appointed by an act of General Aſſembly of Virginia for forming an artificial road from Little River in Loudoun County, to the town of Alexandria—Give notice that the books will be opened for receiving ſubſcriptions under the ſaid act, on Wedneſday the 13th of April next, in the towns of Winchester and Alexandria, and will continue open for that purpoſe for three days, or longer if the ſubſcription is not filled up. The ſubſcribers are to advance twenty dollars for each ſhare, at the time of ſubſcribing, and will not be called on for a further ſum until the progreſs of the work will make it neceſſary, and then, as they conceive, by different and eaſy inſtallments. As this buſineſs promiſes great advantage to the adventurers and utility to the public, the commiſſioners flatter themſelves that monied and patriotic men will come forward on the occaſion.

DIE Commiſſioniers ernant bey einer General Aſſembly, von Virginien, um eine gepflaſterte Straſe zu formizen. von dem flus genant die kleine Refier zu der Stad Alexandria—Machen hiermit behant das ſubſcriptions büger unter gemelter acte geöfnet werden 13ten nachſten Abrill, in der Stadt Wincheſter und in der Stadt Alexandria, und werden bey tage oder langer offen bleiben bis die anzahl der ſubſcribenten complet iſt—bey unterſchreibung wirt zwanſig Thaler auf Jedes Theil vorgeſchoſſen, das übriche wirt in verſchiedenen Terminen bezahlt, und nicht ehender verlangt als es zum fortgang des geſchaffts nötig iſt—Man verſpricht ſich das die unternemung zum algemeinen nutzen, und zum gewinn der ſubſcribenten ausfallen.

Deſwegen flatiren ſich die Commiſſioniers das die patriſtiſche herren welche gelt haben ſich bey diſer gelegenheit zeigen werden.

MISS MOUNSEY, Milliner lately from England, moſt reſpectfully informs the Ladies of Alexandria and its vicinity, that ſhe has a large and elegant aſſortment of MILLINERY for ſale at the houſe of Mr. John Wiſe, which ſhe will diſpoſe on very reaſonable terms, as ſhe intends leaving town on Wedneſday morning.

N. B. Silk Stockings &c. for gentlemen at prime coſt and under.

Alex. Feb. 27, 1796.

LOST

ON Wedneſday laſt a CHECK on the Bank o Alexandria for 1507 Dollars and 42 Cents, drawn by Thomas Patten & Co. in my favor, and dated the 24th inſt—No. 3.—The public are cautioned againſt receiving the ſaid Check; payment is ſtopped at the Bank.

EBENEZOR LOBDELL.

Feb. 27.

Loſt

LAST evening, ſuppoſed in King-ſtreet, Fifteen Dollars in ſpecie. A reward of three dollars will be given the perſon who may have found them and will leave tham with the printer, or in that proportion for any part.

Alexandria, February 27.

TOWN OF ALEXANDRIA, Feb. 6, 1796.

Ordered that the aſſize of Bread made of fine burr flour be calculated in the following manner, viz:

The three penny loaf to weigh

23 oz. when the flour ſells from 22s. to 25s. per barrel inclusive,		
21	25s.	27s.
19	28s.	31s.
17	32s.	35s.
15	36s.	39s.
14	40s.	44s.
13	45s.	48s.
12	49s.	52s.
11	53s.	57s.
9½	63s.	67s.
9	68s.	72s.
8½	73s.	77s.
8	78s.	82s.
7½	83s.	86s.
7	87s.	90s.

By order of Council,

Teſt OLIVER PRICE, c. c.

Clerk of the Markets return of the price of flour, Feb. 26, 1796—as follows—to wit:

Superfine flour to Bakers, 13½ to 14 dollars.

(Signed) Ricketts and Newton.

Superfine flour to Bakers 13⅓ dols. per barrel.

(Signed) ALEX. SMITH.

From the Gazette of the United States.

Mr. FENNO.

Be pleaſed to publiſh for the government of the merchants concerned, the following information communicated to me by the Secretary of State.

At the inſtance of Mr. Bond, his Britannic Majeſty's charge des affairs in the United States, the Judge of the Vice Admiralty court at Bermuda, has prolonged the term of his interlocutory decrees, until the queſtion relative to the blockade of the French parts of the iſland of St. Domingo could be decided by intelligence from them—And by the like interpoſition the requiſite intelligence has been obtained from General Williamſon, and now tranſmitted to Governor Crawford, to be communicated to Judge Green.

As General Williamſon, the Britiſh commander in chief in St. Domingo, has declared that theſe French ports have not been conſidered in a ſtate of blockade, but on the contrary, that the commerce of the United States with them has been perfectly free, it may be juſtly expected, that all American property, the ſubject of theſe interlocutory decrees, will now be diſcharged.

THOMAS FITZSIMONS,
Chairman of the Committee of Merchants.

February 19, 1796.

MORDECAI MILLER

HAS juſt received a handſome aſſortment of SILVER WATCHES, conſiſting of cap'd and jewel'd, plain cap'd, patent and other ſeconds, and a variety of plain do. all of which he will warrant to be good.

Chains, Seals, Keys, &c. as uſual.—Coral, Beads, Rattles and bells for Children, &c. &c.

Alexandria, 20th Feb. 1796.

AT a meeting of Commiſſioners appointed by an act of the Legiſlature of this ſtate to open books and receive ſubſcriptions for a Turnpike Road to be made from this place to the Great Falls of Potomac, a ſufficient number being preſent to authoriſe their proceeding on the buſineſs; they therefore hereby give notice that a book will be opened at the Court Houſe, in the twon of Alexandria, on Monday the 28th day of March next, and will be continued open from nine o'Clock in the morning until ſix in the evening, for four ſucceſſive days, to receive ſubſcriptions for that purpoſe, when and where thoſe who wiſh to become ſubſcribers will be pleaſed to attend in perſon, or by proxy.

RICHARD CONWAY,
JOHN POTTS,
JONAH THOMPSON,
WILLIAM HODGSON,
ROBERT YOUNG.

For Sale,

Valuable real property in fee ſimple.

A HOUSE and LOT on the ſouth ſide of King ſtreet, the ſecond below Pitt ſtreet, containing in front 31 feet 6 inches and extending back 176 feet 3 inches.

The houſe is built of brick, 27 feet front, by 40 feet deep; two ſtories high with a good brick kitchen; there are two cellars under the houſe, in one of which is a plank floor.

The front part has been occupied as a ſtore, but might be eaſily converted into a parlour; the houſe is well finiſhed throughout, and has every convenience for the accommodation of a family. The lot is encloſed with a neat pailing and laid out in a garden. It will be ſold either for caſh or on credit. Any perſon wiſhing to purchaſe ſuch property will pleaſe to apply to the ſubſcribers who will give a general warrantee.

JOHN and THOMAS VOWELL.

Alexandria, Feb, 11, 1796.

Poet's Corner.

The prologue to Reynolds's new comedy of Speculation, which has been very favourably received in London, contains some very humorous allusions to the straw ornaments at present worn by the ladies:

[*Liverpool Paper.*]

OF threaten'd famine who shall now complain,
When every female forehead teems with grain,
——————————When men of active lives,
To fill their granaries, need but thresh their wives;
Nor are the matrons alone prolific:
Old maids and young, all, all are in the straw.

TO BE LET,

And Possession given in Autumn—

The Farms appertaining to Mount-Vernon Estate, in Virginia; four in nuuber; adjoining the Mansion House Farm. Leases will be given for the term of fourteen years to real *Farmers of* good *reputation and none others need apply.*

THE largest of these, called River Farm, contains 1207 acres of ploughable land; 879 of which are in seven fields, nearly of a size, and under good fences; 212 acres (in one inclosure) are, generally, in common grass pasture; and 116 acres more are in five grass lots and an orchard (of the best grafted fruit) all of them contiguous to the dwelling house and barn. On the premises are a comfortable dwelling house (in which the Overlooker resides) having three rooms below, and one or two above; an old barn (now in use) and a brick one building 60 by 30 feet, besides ends and wings, sufficient for stabling 20 working horses, and as many oxen, and an excellent brick dairy, with a fine spring in the middle of it. Thirty black labourers (men and women) being the usua number which have been employed on this farm, are, with their children, warmly lodged, chiefly in houses of their own building. The soil is a loom, more inclined to clay than sand, and with slight dressings yields grain well, particularly wheat. Encompassed on two sides by the River Potomack, and on a third by a navigable creek, the inlets therefrom, in a variety of places, afford an inexhaustible fund of rich mud for manure, or compost.—The waters abound in a variety of fish and wild fowl; and one or more shad and herring fisheries might be established thereon.

Next in size is Union Farm (so called from the annexation of two together). This has also seven fields, nearly equal in size, and containing in the aggregate, 841 acres of ploughable land; besides 67 acres of mowable meadow; principally of reclaimed swamps of the richest sort; and four lots of 5 acres each, designated for clover, by the stables. On the premises are a comfortable (though small) dwelling house, in which the Superintendent of the estate resides; with a kitchen and other convenient houses, very pleasantly situated on the river. In the centre of the farm there is a new house with two rooms below, and two above (inhabited by the overlooker of the farm.) Covering of the same kind, and for about the same number of labourers and their families, as at River Farm, belong to this; and perhaps one of the best and most convenient barns of brick in America, for grain (in and out of straw) and for the accommodation of stock of all kinds, working horses and oxen. The soil of this farm is not unlike the last, but rather more tenacious. There is one excellent shad and herring fishery appertaining thereto, with convenient houses for salting and barreling them up; and another which has been, and might again be, used to advantage. This farm being bounded by the river and a navigable creek for a considerable extent, abounds as the other does with the same kind of inlets, and resources of mud, wild fowl, &c.

Adjoining to the last mentioned farm, and at the head of the creek which bounds the same, is Dogue-Run Farm; consisting of 517 acres of ploughable land in seven fields, differing but little in size; with 132 acres of mowable grass in several inclosures; part of which being of the richest reclaimed swamps, remain permanently in grass; the other part is alternately in grass and grain. On the premises are, a new dwelling house occupied by the Overlooker (warm and comfortable though small); with covering for twenty odd black labourers and their families; a new brick barn with an open circular floor to thresh or tread on, through which the grain passes to a floor below where it is always secure, and ready for winnowing; stables for thirty odd working horses and oxen adjoin the barn, and covering for other kinds of stock, all entirely new. The soil of this farm is a good loom, rather lighter than those of the preceding.

The fourth farm is called Muddy Hole; and has the same number of fields with the rest; besides four grass lots of 5 acres each, surrounding the barn and stables: the whole making together 476 acres of ploughable land. The Overlooker's house is small and but indifferent; the cover of the labourers is similar to those which have been already mentioned; and sufficient for 15 or more of their families. The barn (which is of wood) and stables for 8 or 10 horses, are good. The soil has a greater mixture of sand in it, than either of the other farms, and is of a thinner quality.

These four farms, with the woodland appertaining to the tract, make altogether about eight thousand acres; the whole of which are inclosed by a post and rail fence and the tide water of the river and creeks. The farms, and every field belonging to them, are as level as a farmer would desire, and without stones or stumps to impede teh plough or harrow. They are distant from Alexandria about 8 miles, from the Federal City 12, and from George-Town 16 miles by land, and the same by water; at all of which places there are ready markets and good prices for every article the farms produce.

As these farms are large, and can suit a few only in their present extents there is a disposition favourable on my part, to divide them into lots of any size, corresponding as nearly as may be with the present fields; many of which are ditched and hedged: provided an association of respectable farmers could agree in the partition, and would erect at their own expence on those lots that would be separated from the present buildings, such conveniences as would accommodate and content themselves.—As an inducement to them to encounter this expence and that many, rather than a few industrious farmers may be accommodated thereby, I would add three years to the engih of the leases of those lots on which there would be no buildings. It is to be understood, however, that the association must be complete before the division of any farm will be made, or a part thereof let. And it is to be further understood, that the agreement for either of these farms as they now are, or if parcelled out, must, if rented at all this year, be entered into before the first of September (August would be still better) because, arrangements and preparations for the ensuing crops must commence by that time, whether I rent or retain them in my own occupancy.

Mr. William Pearce, the Superintendent of that estate, and living thereon, will shew the premises, and give such information as may be required relative to the terms on which they may be obtained: And as there is a sketch of the farms in my possession (in this city) shewing from actual and correct surveys their relative situations, with the figure and contents of each field, grass lot, and meadow ground, from whence ideas more satisfactory than can be formed from an advertisement may be derived, it may be seen on application to my private secretary, Mr. Dandridge, and the terms known on which they may be had.

If the farms are let, the occupants may be accommodated on just and reasonable terms, in a sale of the stock which is upon the same; consisting of draught horses, oxen, and working mules; black cattle, sheep and hogs; carts, ploughs, (of the best kind) harrows, and every kind of implement, necessary on a farm. And they will be allowed the privilege of taking from the woodland necessary fuel, and timber for repairing fences, &c. under certain restrictions to be agreed on and inserted in the leases.

Besides these farms, which have been in my own occupation, there are smaller lots of arable land adjoining thereto, which may also be had on the terms before mentioned; together with a merchant mill situated within the general inclosure. This mill works two pair of stones, one pair of which (of the best French burr) are employed in the manufacture of wheat, the other pair, of Cologne, are designated for country work. Evans's patent machine for hoisting and cooling flour (erected either by himself or brother), rolling screens, fans, bolting cloths, &c. &c. (all worked by water) are complete. The tide flows up to the mill tail, and boats deliver and receive their lading at the door, from whence it is hoisted by water into the garners above. Near the mill is a comfortable house and convenient gardens, &c. for the miller; and a commodious shop within 60 yards of them for coopers. If desired 30 or 40 acres of tillable land may be had with the mill.

For Sale;

THE FOLLOWING LANDS, VIZ.

On the Ohio River, in four tracts.

The first, Called Round Bottom, is about 15 miles below Wheeling, a little above Captenon, and opposite to Pipe Creek; bounded by the river in a circular form for 2 miles, and 120 poles, containing	587 acres.	
Second, Is the first large bottom below the mouth of the Little Kanhawa, beginning 3 or 4 miles therefrom, and about 12 or 15 miles below Mariatte. Its breadth on the river is 5 miles and 120 poles, and contents	2314	
Third, Is about 20 miles still lower down; being the 4th large bottom on the S. E. side the river, below the Little Kanhawa. It is bounded by the river 3 miles and 52 poles, and is furnished (as I have been informed) with an excellent mill seat, contents	2448	
Fourth, Is the next large bottom (on the same side of the river) and a little above the Great Bend thereof; its breadth on the river is 5 miles and 70 poles, and contents	4395	
Total on the Ohio, S. E. side thereof		9744

On the Great Kanhawa, in four tracts.

The first, Is on the West side of the river, beginning within 2 or 3 miles of its confluence with the Ohio; about the same distance from the town of Mount Pleasant, and about 6 or 8 from Galipolis. It borders on the river 17 miles and 51 poles, and contents	10990	
Second, Is on the East side of the river a little higher up and bounded thereby 12 miles and 227 poles, containing	7276	
Third, Is at the conflux of the Kanhawa and Cole Rivers (West side of the former) and in the fork thereof, and bounded by the two rivers 5 miles and 88 poles, contents	2000	
Fourth, Is on the East side nearly opposite to the last mentioned, 6 miles and 19 poles, contents	3000	
Total on the Kanhawa		23,266

As it is not more presumable than it is wished, that all who are inclinable to become purchasers of these land, will themselves, or by agents in whom they can confide, examine them critically; nothing more will be said, relative to them, than that they may be considered as the cream of the country in which they lye, being the richest interval lands on the two rivers, to the extent that has been enumerated; that is, in the aggregate 57 miles. That they were surveyed before any settlements, or grants of land were made therein. That all of them are patented in my name, many years ago, some near 25; and, that the titles to them are indisputable.

In addition to the above, the following tracts are for sale also: viz.

On the Little Miami, upper side, within a mile of the Ohio,	830 acres.
About 7 miles up the said Miami	977
And ten miles from the mouth thereof	1235
Total on the Little Miami	3042
In Kentucky. On the rough branch of Green River, are two tracts adjoining each other one containing three, the other 2000 acres.	5000

Of these five last mentioned tracts I have no other knowledge than what is derived from the reports of the surveyors, made on the premises; some 8, and others 12 and 13 years since; which certify that they are lands of the first quality. The three first are near to, if not adjoining (the river only separating them) the grant made to Judge Syms and others, between the two Miami's; and being in the neighbourhood of Cincinnati and Fort Washington, cannot, from their situation, (if the quality of the soil is correctly stated) be otherwise than valuable. Those lying on Green River, in Kentucky, besides being fertile and well watered, are said to contain an extensive and valuable bank of iron ore; the working of which would be of public utility, as well as private advantage. And moreover, as the population in that part of the state is encreasing rapidly, the value of these lands must increase proportionally.

The terms on which all the lands herein offered for sale may be purchased, are

One fourth of the cost to be paid when the bargains are concluded, and the conveyances shall be made.

The other three-fourths in five years, with interest, annually, and punctually paid.

A Mortgage upon the premises, will be taken for securing payment of the unpaid principal sum, at the end of the above term of five years; and unquestionable security for the punctual payment of the interest on the day, in every year that it shall become due, at the place of my residence; or to any agent I may appoint; or to be deposited in such bank, or banks as shall be agreed.

As these lands, particularly on the Ohio and Great Kanhawa, are unquestionably among the most valuable on the Western waters; and I am willing to allow time to explore them, I will enter into no contracts for *any* part of them until the first of September next; but will receive proposals at any time previous thereto. On *that* day a preferrence will be given to the person or persons who shall have made the highest offers; provided they are adequate to the real value of land, and the terms herein mentioned are strictly entered into, and compliance therewith is secured.

The plots, and surveyors reports, of *all* these lands may be seen by any who are inclined to become adventurers in the purchase of any, or all of them by applying to Mr. Dandridge.

Geo. Washington.

Philadelphia, Feb. 1st. 1796.

Copper and Tin Manufactory.

JOHN BEALE

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has removed from the town of Lynchburg to this place in a house in King-street, two doors above M'Knight's tavern, where he intends to carry on his business in all its various branches, such as making and mending all kinds of gold, silver, copper and tin work. He likewise tins old copper tea kettles, sauce-pans, &c. &c.

Articles in the above branches of his business, may be had either by wholesale or retail, and those who buy to sell again, will find it to their advantage to deal with him.

All kinds of plated work done on the shortest notice in the best manner, and warranted, such as bridle bit stirrup irons, buckles, tips and saddleblosses, made in the newest fashions; mill brands cut, either in copper or iron, China mended, and all kinds of bell metal, such a clock bells, ear bells for horses, and skillets; the bells he warrants to ring as well as ever they did.

MILL INKS

Made at the above shop, and at a moderate price The above articles will be done in a masterly manner.

☞ Also Clocks, Watches and Mathematical Instruments made and repaired in an elegant manner.

☞ He has on hand and now offers for sale, at a moderate price, at the above house, sundry articles of gold, silver, jewellery, copper, tin, and plate work, gilt watch chains, seals, keys, lockets, and breast pins.

The highest price given for old gold, silver, copper brass, pewter or lead.

Notice.

TAKEN from the House of Mr. *John Wise* on the night of the 11th inst. a new Camblet cloak with sleeves: the possessor by returning it will prevent a prosecution if discovered, and much oblige

Wm. HARPER.